



007

Patient

Mr Michael !

Michael

Lab ID : 298310735

Your Ref : 44240

Ref bpr M s

Ph: 02'

DOB : 15/05/1953

(66 Yrs)

Requested : 15/05/2019

Collected : 16/09/2019 08:06

Received : 16/09/2019 09:17

Printed : 19/09/2019 09:51

Sex : Male

Ph : C

Biochemistry

Date	13/08/16	10/11/16	17/11/16	01/03/19	Current Result 16/09/19	Units	Reference
Time	09:30	07:41	14:22	08:15	08:06		
Lab ID	275599800	262215984	243378429	296875695	298310735		
Bili. Total			4	8	13	umol/L	(4-20)
ALP			49	42	39	U/L	(35-110)
GGT			23	15	17	U/L	(5-50)
LD	*281		215	*278	*380	U/L	(120-250)
AST			33	*50	*100	U/L	(10-40)
ALT			31	*61	*54	U/L	(5-40)
Total Protein			*62	65	64	g/L	(64-83)
Albumin			41	42	41	g/L	(36-47)
Globulin			*21	23	23	g/L	(23-39)
CK	*409	*244			*3098	U/L	(40-200)

Comment on Lab ID

Release of enzyme(s) from muscle may be contributing to elevated LFTs. See below/overleaf for check-list of causes of an elevated serum CK or visit <http://protocols.sonichealthcare.com/dhm/CK.pdf>

Please note: As an aid to patient assessment, additional pathologist approved testing has been performed and a CK result reported at no charge.

B12/Folate/RCF

Date	16/01/08	24/02/17	Current Result 16/09/19	Units	Reference
Time		07:27	08:06		
Lab ID	95152394	282966977	298310735		
Vitamin B12		529	348	pmol/L	(135-650)
Vitamin B12	396			pmol/L	(145-637)

Comment on Lab ID

From 8 March 2014, active B12 (holotranscobalamin) testing will be performed on all patients with low or equivocal (at or below 340 pmol/L) total B12 results. Both tests are eligible for a Medicare rebate under these circumstances.

25-OH Vitamin D

Date	16/01/08	11/08/16	Current Result 16/09/19	Units	Reference
Time		15:40	08:06		
Lab ID	95152394	275601131	298310735		
Vitamin D	66	*39	61	nmol/L	(50-140)

Comment on Lab ID

According to the Position Statement 'Vitamin D and health in adults in Australia and New Zealand' MJA, 196(11):686-687, 2012, Vitamin D status is defined as:

Mild Deficiency	30 - 49 nmol/L
Moderate Deficiency	12.5 - 29 nmol/L
Severe Deficiency	< 12.5 nmol/L

Vitamin D adequacy can be defined as a level > 49 nmol/L at the end of winter - the level may need to be 10 - 20 nmol/L higher at the end of summer, to allow for seasonal decrease.

From 1st November 2014, Medicare rebates for vitamin D testing will apply to patients at risk of Vitamin D deficiency such as chronic lack of sun exposure.

Surge Use

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